LEADS Study Checklist – For Respiratory Therapists Intervention Group (+Extubation Advisor):



- 1 Bedside Setup (ref: EA Monitor Connections)
- 2 Perform SBT (ref: 7-Step Guide)

SBT Criteria:

- T-piece or CPAP / PSV ≤8 cmH₂O
 Duration: aim 30 120 mins
 PEEP / FiO₂ at discretion of RT/MD
 Required: inline capnography
- 3 Generate SBT Report: Print/Review with MD prior to extubation decision making
 - → Attach MD Usefulness Scale Questionnaire to EA report for completion
- 4 Complete Form 6: Intervention (EA) Daily Data Form (one per day)
- **(5)** In the event of an *adverse device event (related to EA use)*, complete Form 11: Extubation Advisor-Related Adverse Event Form

This may be:

- Related to capnography monitor
- Related to caphography monitor
- Related to capnography tubing
- A serious adverse device event may include:
 - Death
 - Prolonged ICU stay/hospitalization
 - Need for medical or surgical intervention
- Related to tablet / laptop use
- Related to use of extubation readiness checklist
 - Life-threatening event
 - Persistent or significant disability/incapacity
- 6 In the event of a **protocol violation**, complete

Form 8: Protocol Violation Form this may include:

- SBT not initiated after randomization
- EA software not initiated for SBT
- Prediction not generated successfully
- EA report not shown to physician
- SBT initiated, but incomplete prior to extubation
- Capnography not performed successfully
- EA report not generated
- In the event of an adverse device event (related to SBT conduct), complete

Form 9: Adverse/Serious Adverse Event Form this may be:

Dysrhythmia Cardiac ischemia/myocardial infarction

Cardiac or respiratory arrest Pulmonary edema

Mucous plugging

- *Extreme Fatigue (sustained, as opposed to intermittent, or exacerbated by an SBT &/or cumulative)
- *Barotrauma (pneumothorax, pneumomediastinum, pneumatocoele on imaging etc)
- *Extreme Anxiety (sustained, as opposed to intermittent, or exacerbated by an SBT &/or cumulative)

NOTE: To distinguish adverse events from failure criteria: an adverse event must require intervention (pharmacologic, procedure, or other) + return to pre-screening ventilator settings or higher) except for responses indicated by a * which may not require a specific intervention but are either closely followed clinically (pneumatocoele, pneumomediastinum) or considered extreme by virtue of being sustained or cumulative.

Study forms are available in the LEADS bedside folder.

Contact the Research Coordinator if additional study forms are required.

LEADS Study Checklist – For Respiratory Therapists Control Group (Standard-of-care):



Perform SBT <u>without</u> Extubation Advisor

SBT Criteria:

- T-piece or CPAP / PSV <8 cmH₂O
- PEEP / FiO₂ at discretion of RT/MD
- Duration: aim **30 120** mins
- Optional: inline capnography
- 2 Complete Form 6: Standard-of-care Daily Data Form (one per day)
- In the event of a protocol violation, complete

Form 8: Protocol Violation Form this may include:

- SBT not initiated after randomization
- EA used on standard-of-care patient
- SBT initiated, but not completed prior to extubation
- 4 In the event of an adverse device event (related to SBT conduct), complete

Form 9: Adverse/Serious Adverse Event Form this may be:

Dysrhythmia Cardiac ischemia/myocardial infarction

Cardiac or respiratory arrest Pulmonary edema

Mucous plugging

- *Extreme Fatigue (sustained, as opposed to intermittent, or exacerbated by an SBT &/or cumulative)
- *Barotrauma (pneumothorax, pneumomediastinum, pneumatocoele on imaging etc)
- *Extreme Anxiety (sustained, as opposed to intermittent, or exacerbated by an SBT &/or cumulative)

NOTE: To distinguish adverse events from failure criteria: an adverse event must require intervention (pharmacologic, procedure, or other) + return to pre-screening ventilator settings or higher) except for responses indicated by a * which may not require a specific intervention but are either closely followed clinically (pneumatocoele, pneumomediastinum) or considered extreme by virtue of being sustained or cumulative.

5 In the event a "control" patient is placed on EA and an adverse device event (related to EA use) occurs, complete 1

Form 11: Extubation Advisor-Related Adverse Event Form

This may be:

- Related to capnography monitor
- Related to tablet / laptop use
- Related to capnography tubing
- Related to use of extubation readiness checklist

A serious adverse device event may include:

- Death
- Prolonged ICU stay/hospitalization
- Need for medical or surgical intervention
- Life-threatening event
- Persistent or significant disability/ incapacity

Study forms are available in the LEADS bedside folder.

Contact the Research Coordinator if additional study forms are required.